

Megaphorus willistoni

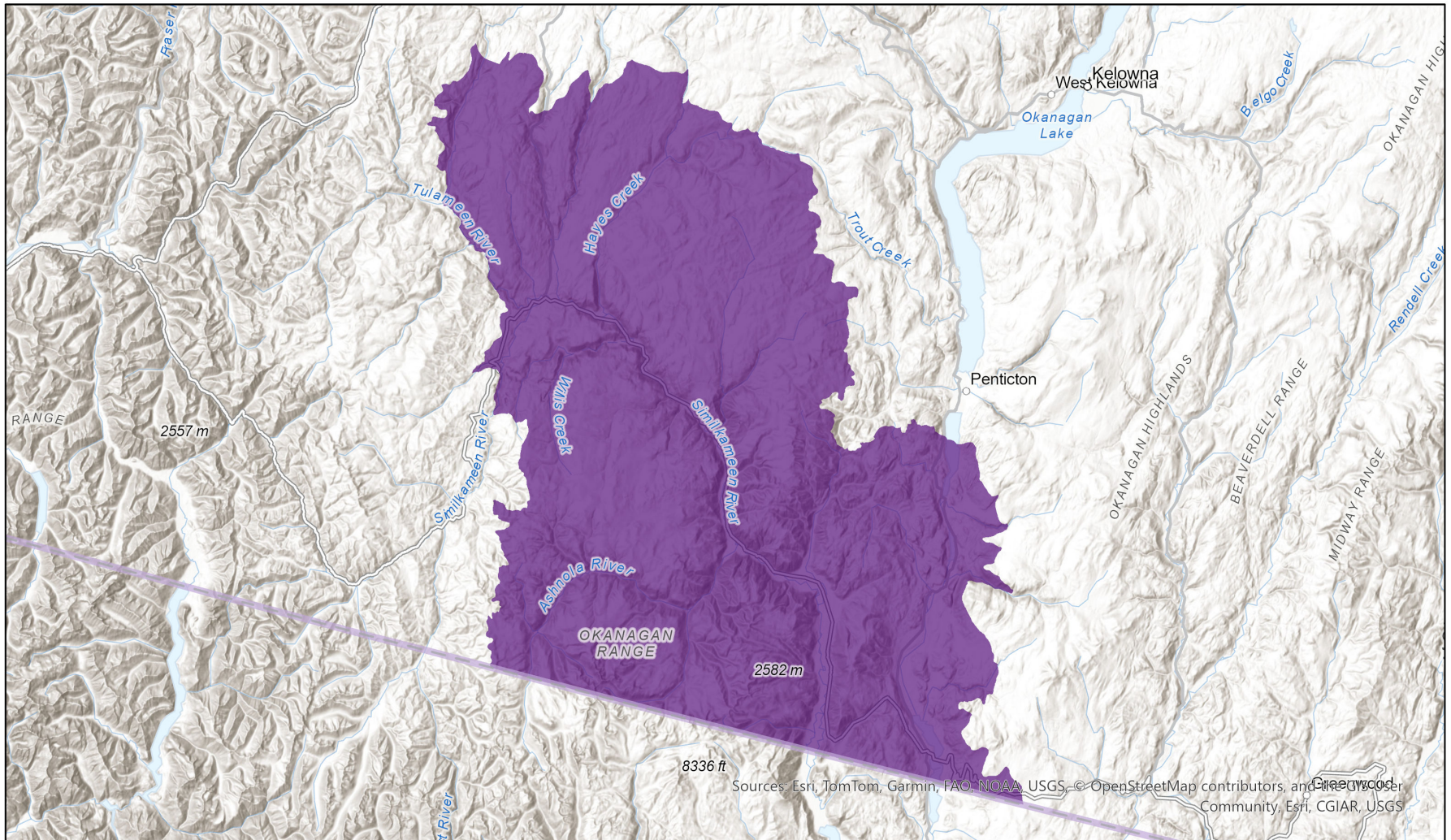


Ecosystem-based Automated Range (EBAR)

- Present
- Presence Expected
- Historical

Date Generated: February 9, 2026; Version: 1.0; Stage: Expert Reviewed (National); Scope: Canadian

Synonyms Used: None



0 10 20 km

Input Records - 9 iNaturalist.ca (2024-2025); Expert Reviews - Joel Gibson

Map centre: 120.0637°W 49.3671°N
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EBAR is relatively coarse scale data and not intended for all applications and analysis. Please see full disclaimer in metadata.

Ecosystem-based Automated Range (EBAR) Metadata

Species

National Scientific Name:	<i>Megaphorus willistoni</i> (Cole in Cole and Pritchard, 1964)
Scientific Name Reference:	Evenhuis, N.L. and T. Pape. 2024. Systema Dipteroorum, Version 5.0. Last updated: 7 January 2024. Online. Available: http://diptera.org/
National English Name:	Northern Beebandit
National French Name:	
Element National ID:	182783
Element Global ID:	110410 (go to NatureServe Explorer)
Element Code:	IIDIP57010
Endemism Type:	N
Canadian COSEWIC Name:	
Canadian COSEWIC ID:	
English COSEWIC Common Name:	
French COSEWIC Common Name:	

Rank/Status

Global Rank:	G5 (reviewed March 30, 1995)
National Rank (Canada):	N2 (reviewed 2023)
Subnational Ranks (Canada):	BC=S2
National Rank (United States):	None
Subnational Ranks (United States):	None
National Rank (Mexico):	None
Subnational Ranks (Mexico):	None
Canadian SARA Status:	None
Canadian COSEWIC Status:	None
US ESA Status:	None

Range Map

Date Generated:	February 09, 2026
Version:	1.0
Stage:	Expert Reviewed (National)
Scope:	Canadian
Metadata:	Primary Species - <i>Megaphorus willistoni</i> (Cole in Cole and Pritchard, 1964) Input Records - 9 iNaturalist.ca (2024-2025); Expert Reviews - Joel Gibson
Comments:	None Please see spatial data for Ecoshape-level reviewer comments.
Disclaimer:	Please review our methods document before using EBAR. EBAR range data are relatively coarse scale and appropriate for screening and education purposes, but are not intended for all types of applications and analysis. The absence of data in any geographic areas does not necessarily mean that a species is not present. An ecoshape with a presence value does not necessarily mean that a species is present throughout the entire geographic area.
Presence Definitions:	(Please see Comments above for any exceptions) Present - the species is found within the ecoshape based on species observation data, Element Occurrences, Source Features, Canadian Federal Critical Habitat, or expert opinion. Presence Expected - expert opinion the species may be present, or the ecoshape overlapped with a range estimate or a habitat suitability model. Historical - all species occurrence data within the ecoshape contains observation data greater than 40 years old or an Element Occurrence (EO) that was ranked as Extirpated or Historical (EO Rank of H, H?, X or X?), or expert opinion that the species is extirpated or historical.
Usage Type Definitions:	(Please see Comments above for any exceptions) Breeding - the species is thought to breed within the ecoshape based on eBird Breeding and Behaviour Codes or expert opinion. Possible Breeding - the species is probably or possibly breeding within the ecoshape based on eBird, BBA or jurisdiction Breeding and Behaviour Codes, or on expert opinion.
Map Projection:	North America Albers Equal Area Conic (WKID 4269)

Credits

Suggested Citation:

NatureServe Canada, 2026. Ecosystem-based Automated Range (EBAR) for *Megaphorus willistoni*, Version 1.0, Expert Reviewed (National) (Canadian Scope). Ottawa, Canada. Retrieved from [insert url] on [insert date]

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Project Website:

www.natureserve.org/canada/ebar

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Input References:

iNaturalist.ca - [California Academy of Sciences and the National Geographic Society](#)

Reviewers by Taxa:

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