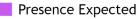
#### Dicamptodon tenebrosus

Present



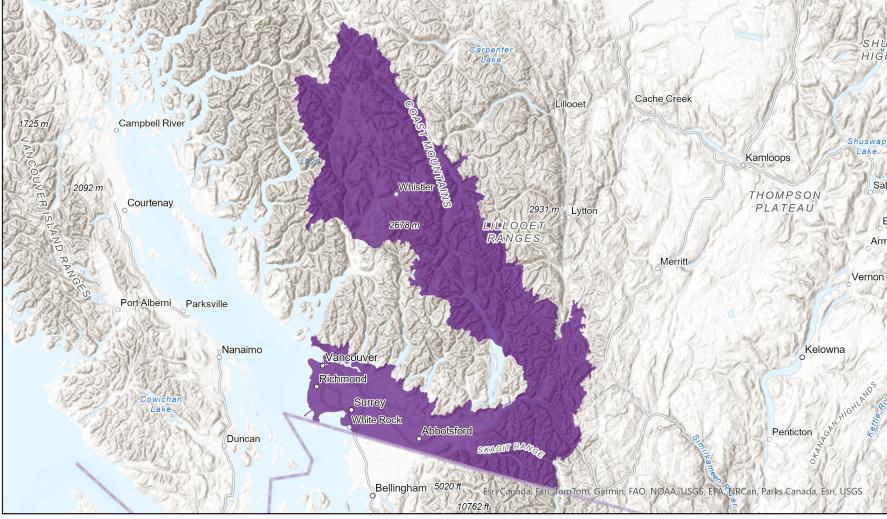
Historical



#### Ecosystem-based Automated Range (EBAR)

Date Generated: January 26, 2022; Version: 1.0; Stage: Expert Reviewed (National); Scope: Canadian

Synonyms Used: None



0 40 80 km Input Records - 63 BC Incidental Observations, 26 BC Non-sensitive Element Occurrences, 302 BC Survey Observations, 10 BISON, 473 ECCC Critical Habitat, 34 GBIF, 10 iDigBio, 26 iNaturalist.ca, 21 iNaturalist.org, 10 VertNet; Expert Reviews - 1 Anonymous

Map centre: 122.4483° W 49.9074° N

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EBAR is relatively coarse scale data and not intended for all applications and analysis. Please see full disclaimer in metadata.



# Ecosystem-based Automated Range (EBAR) Metadata

## Species

National Scientific Name:	Dicamptodon tenebrosus Baird and Girard, 1852
Scientific Name Reference:	Frost, D.R. 2020. Amphibian Species of the World: an Online Reference. Version 6.0. American Museum of Natural History, New York, USA. Online: http://research.amnh.org/herpetology/amphibia/index.html
National English Name:	Coastal Giant Salamander
National French Name:	Grande salamandre
Element National ID:	165451
Element Global ID:	104691 ( <u>go to NatureServe Explorer</u> )
Element Code:	AAAAH01040
Endemism Type:	Ν
Canadian COSEWIC Name:	
Canadian COSEWIC ID:	283

## Rank/Status

Global Rank:	G5 (reviewed November 05, 2003)
National Rank (Canada):	N2N3 (reviewed 2024)
Subnational Ranks (Canada):	BC=S2S3
National Rank (United States):	N5 (reviewed 1996)
Subnational Ranks (United States):	CA=SNR, OR=S4, WA=S5
National Rank (Mexico):	None
Subnational Ranks (Mexico):	None
Canadian SARA Status:	Threatened/Menacée (June 05, 2003)
Canadian COSEWIC Status:	Threatened (May 02, 2014)
US ESA Status:	None

## Range Map

Date Generated:	January 26, 2022
Version:	1.0
Stage:	Expert Reviewed (National)
Scope:	Canadian
Metadata:	Primary Species Name - <i>Dicamptodon tenebrosus</i> Baird and Girard, 1852 Input Records - 63 BC Incidental Observations, 26 BC Non-sensitive Element Occurrences, 302 BC Survey Observations, 10 BISON, 473 ECCC Critical Habitat, 34 GBIF, 10 iDigBio, 26 iNaturalist.ca, 21 iNaturalist.org, 10 VertNet; Expert Reviews - 1 Anonymous
Comments:	None
	<u>Please see spatial data for Ecoshape-level reviewer comments</u> .
Disclaimer:	Please review our <u>methods document</u> before using EBAR.
	EBAR range data are relatively coarse scale and appropriate for screening and education purposes, but are not intended for all types of applications and analysis.
	The absence of data in any geographic areas does not necessarily mean that a species is not present.
	An ecoshape with a presence value does not necessarily mean that a species is present throughout the entire geographic area.
Presence Definitions:	(Please see Comments above for any exceptions)
	Present - the species is found within the ecoshape based on species observation data, Element Occurrences, Source Features, Canadian Federal Critical Habitat, or expert opinion.
	Presence Expected - expert opinion the species may be present, or the ecoshape overlapped with a range estimate or a habitat suitability model.
	Historical - all species occurrence data within the ecoshape contains observation data greater than 40 years old or an Element Occurrence (EO) that was ranked as Extirpated or Historical (EO Rank of H, H?, X or X?).
Usage Type Definitions:	(Please see Comments above for any exceptions)
	Breeding - the species is thought to breed within the ecoshape based on eBird Breeding and Behaviour Codes or expert opinion.
	Possible Breeding - the species is probably or possibly breeding within the ecoshape based on eBird, BBA or jurisdiction Breeding and Behaviour Codes, or on expert opinion.
Map Projection:	North America Albers Equal Area Conic (WKID 4269)

Credits	
Suggested Citation:	NatureServe Canada, 2020. Ecosystem-based Automated Range (EBAR) for Dicamptodon tenebrosus, Version 1.0, Expert Reviewed (National) (Canadian Scope). Ottawa, Canada. Retrieved from [insert url] on [insert date]
License:	Ecosystem-based Automated Range (EBAR) Project, Copyright NatureServe Canada 2022 under CC BY 4.0 ( <u>creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/</u> )
Project Website:	www.natureserve.org/canada/ebar
Contact:	ebar-kba@natureserve.ca
Input References:	<ul> <li>BC Non-sensitive Element Occurrences - British Columbia Conservation Data Centre</li> <li>BC Survey Observations - British Columbia Conservation Data Centre</li> <li>BC UNVETTED Incidental Observations - British Columbia Conservation Data Centre</li> <li>BISON - <u>United States Geological Survey</u></li> <li>ECCC Critical Habitat - <u>Environment and Climate Change Canada</u></li> <li>GBIF - <u>Global Biodiversity Information Facility</u></li> <li>iDigBio - <u>Integrated Digital Biocollection</u></li> <li>iNaturalist.ca - <u>California Academy of Sciences and the National Geographic Society</u></li> <li>iNaturalist.org - <u>California Academy of Sciences and the National Geographic Society</u></li> <li>vertNet - <u>National Science Foundation</u></li> </ul>
Reviewers by Taxa:	Reviewers by Taxa